

2 0 1 3

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Major)

Paper : 3.2

Full Marks : 80

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following as directed : 1×10=10

- (a) Who wrote the article 'Public Administration in a Time of Turbulance'?
- (b) Who is the author of the book, *Max Weber and the theory of Modern Politics*?
- (c) Who is known as the father of public administration?
- (d) Who is the author of the book, *The Civil Service in Britain and France*?
- (e) The Planning Commission in India was established in 1955 in the month of —.

(Fill in the blank)

(2)

- (f) The concept of scientific management was first used by Louis Brandeis in the year —.

(Fill in the blank)

- (g) The National Labour Relations Board was established in the year 1925/1935/1945.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (h) "The chief executive is a trouble shooter and a promoter of the future programme" was stated by Gladden/Dimock/White.

(Choose the correct answer)

- (i) At present there are nine regulatory commissions in the Federal Government of USA.

(Write True or False)

- (j) A. Simon was awarded the Noble Peace Prize in the year 1978 for his book, *Administrative Behaviour*.

(Write True or False)

2. Answer the following : $2 \times 5 = 10$

- (a) Write any two demerits of centralization.
- (b) Mention any two major landmarks in the rise and growth of new public administration.

(3)

- (c) Mention any two features of the scientific management theory.

- (d) What do you mean by internal coordination?

- (e) What is a work budget?

3. Answer in brief (any four) : $5 \times 4 = 20$

- (a) Explain the meaning of 'POSDCORB' as put forward by Gulick and Urwick.
- (b) Explain the four reasons as to why there should be delegation of authority.
- (c) Explain the four principles of scientific management theory as stated by Taylor.
- (d) What is unity of command?
- (e) What do you mean by participative management?
- (f) Discuss any four principles of hierarchy.

4. Answer the following : $10 \times 4 = 40$

- (a) Define delegation. Discuss the procedure of delegating authority. $3+7$

Or

Define public administration. What is its nature? What are the dissimilarities between public and private administrations? $2+2+6$

- (b) Discuss the concept of new public management. 10

Or

What is the procedure of supervision?
Why is it necessary? 7+3

- (c) Discuss the Bureaucratic theory of administration. 10

Or

What do you mean by auxiliary agency?
Distinguish between auxiliary agency
and staff agency. 3+7

- (d) Define coordination. What are its
different types? What are the
hindrances in the path of coordination?
2+2+6

Or

What is public corporation? What are its
characteristics? 4+6
